comparatively small sum of not be applied until the extinction of the In the meanwhile, the current incent., rising 1/2 per cent. every three years until it reaches 5 per cent., which rate will be maintained until the extinction of

In Liberia has attracted considerable attention, which has not confined itself to the commercial aspect, for the Associated Press understands there is likely to be in the near future diplomatic activity in relation to the status of Liberia. The encroachments of the French on its territory have caused no little disquietude at the Foreign Office, while it is the general belief that the United States would gladly secure a coaling station on the Liberian coast. In these and other respects the renewed prosperity has brought the territory to the notice of the European powers, and though the press here has failed to observe this particular sign of the times it can be said, authoritatively, that the future status of Liberia was recently much deliberated on by several Cabinets. Having thus become the object of unsolicited attention, it is quite probable the American negroes who still retain the reins of government in this slice of the west coast of Africa may soon be threatened with the possibility of exercising their privileges under the tutelage of one of the great powers, though in such an arrangement the United States, by virtue of the original settlement, would doubtless have some share.

#### "HOCH DER KAISER." All England Ready to Shout for the

German Monarch. LONDON, Nov. 12 .- Europe is now agog with rumors of diplomatic activity and alliences that may be effected. As a result the relations of the European powers seem to be rapidly assuming a new phase. This, doubltless, is not a little due to the fact that in nearly all the recent international negotiations the United States has been a factor. Judging from Lord Salisbury's inference, this can be partly attributed to the evident determination of the governments of the great powers to work harmoniously with Great Britain, a policy which, judging from the continental press, is obnoxious to

the majority of the continental peoples. The forthcoming visit of Emperor William to Queen Victoria is regarded as capping the climax of British diplomatic success, and the feeling of satisfaction at this state of affairs is not in the slightest degree marred by any feeling of jealousy over the Emperor's recent meeting at Potsdam. The statement that Count Von Buelow will accompany Emperor William to England is taken to be an indication that his Majesty does not mean to give the anti-British press any opportunity of betlitting his visit on the score that it is merely an obligatory one to his grandmother. But, while the Emperor the friendship of Germany for Great Britein, it is scarcely likely, as some optimists declare, that important treaties looking toward a closer alliance will be the immediate consequence of the imperial jaunt. It is pointed out that all which could be done in this direction seems already accomplished, and several diplomats have expressed the opinion to representatives of the Associated Press that this was far more than was expected, and that international feeling was not yet ripe for any more than a formal bond between the two nations, which three

Years ago were on the verge of hostilities.

The announcement of the Samoan agreement throws a pleasant shadow over the eting of Queen Victoria and Emperor Illiam and assures the visitor a hearty reception on the part of the British public. An elaborate programme has been drawn up. On the arrival at Portsmouth, Nov. 20, the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with the Emperor, Empress, their two sons and others on board, it will be met by the British special service squadron, and, it is said, the Emperor, wearing the uniform of a British admiral, will be received by the rince of Wales, similarly attired, and the Duke of York. After the salutes and a review the party will go direct to Windsor, staying there five days. Thence the Emperor will go to Sandringham for two days and will be met there by Lord Salisbury, Mr. Balfour, Lord Rosebery, Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Wolselev and other notables. The remainder of his Majesty's visit will proba-bly be spent at the Duke of Devonshire's seat at Chatsworth and in shooting in Scot-land, the imperial party returning to Germany via Leith on the Hohenzollern. British feeling on the subject of the German Emperor's visit is well voiced by Purch's cartoon, representing the Emperor, who, challenged by a British sentry, replies "Friend," and the sentry responds, "Pass, friend, and all's well," emphasizing the word "friend."

## THE BEAR AND THE SHARK.

Russia and Japan May Fight for Possession of Corea.

LONDON, Nov. 11.-In connection with the reported Anglo-American understanding about the open door in China, Japan's attitude in far Eastern affairs is much canvassed. Several correspondents in China talk of a coming conflict between Japan and Russia over Corea. A letter from Seoul. which appears in the Times to-day, says: "The Japanese are convinced that to permit Russia to acquire Corea or establish Russian ascendency in northern China would be strategically, politically and commercially a deadly menace to Japan's rapidly de-veloping strength. Japan believes her navy is strong enough to attack Russia, and the general opinion is that the interests of the two nations are so conflicting that it is imossible to avoid a rupture in the near fu-

The Spectator discusses the matter and thinks such a conflict extremely probable, but does not see any cause for Great Britain to interfere, adding: "Let the bear and the shark fight their quarrel for themselves, while we, with America, insist upon the ppen door policy.

Senate's Jurisdiction Established.

PARIS, Nov. 11 .- The Senate, sitting as a high court, was occupied to-day with the arguments for and against the competency of the Senate to try the conspiracy cases. Eventually, the session was adjourned, and the high court sat in secret. The Senate eventually, by a vote of 157 to 91, declared itself competent to try the conspiracy cases. There were domiciliary visits here and in the provinces to-day in connection with the conspiracy cases. The offices of La Croix, a paper which is conducted by the Fathers of the Assumption order, were

Pension to Lieut. Col. Klobb's Widow. PARIS, Nov. 11 .- The Cabinet, at a meeting in the Elysee Palace, to-day, approved the granting of a pension of 6,000 francs to

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair Weather Throughout Indiana-Warmer on Monday.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- Forecast for

diminishing northerly winds. For Indiana and Illinois-Fair on Sunday and Monday; warmer on Monday; light va-

For Ohio-Fair on Sunday and Monday;

Local Observations on aSturday. Bar. Ther. R.H. Wind. Pre. Maximum temperature, 51; minimum tem-

Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation Nov. 11: Departure from normal ......

parture since Nov. 1 .......... -12 Departure since Jan. 1 ..... -21 -4.87 RICHARD H. SULLIVAN. Observer in Charge.

Yesterday's Temperatures.

Wyo ..... 46 Davenport, Ia ..... 40 Little Rock, Ark ..... femphis, Tenn ...... 58 Tenn ..... New York, N. Y ...... 46 Oklahoma, O. T ...... 44 t Louis, Mo .....

ngfield, Ill .....

ingfield, Mo ......

learns that the arrears are practically the widow of Lieutenant Colonel Klobb, swept away, as the bondholders agree to killed in the Sudan by the mutinous French troops, under the command of Captain \$75,000 in settlement of the full amount of | Voulet. The Cabinet also approved the bill the arrears, though this appropriation will | making common-law offenses of soldiers triable before the civil courts, instead of by court-martial. Ex-Deputy Samany has terest has been reduced from 7 to 3 per | been appointed Governor of St. Pierre-

> Short Time for Exchange of Notes. PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 11.-Advices from Yokohama, per steamer to-day, says: The Official Gazette of Japan announced that the time allowed for the exhundred-and-twenty-sixth National Bank of Osaka and One-hundred-and eighth National Bank of Sukagawa, the Twentysixth National Bank of Osaka and th Thirty-third National Bank of Tokio expires Dec. 4, and after that date the government will not be responsible for their redemption and holders of notes will lose their value.

> Transport Said to Have Foundered. BREST. France, Nov. 11 .- Rumors are i circulation here that a British transport has foundered off the Island of Ushant, on the coast of Brittany.

> > Cable Notes.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, high Mail advices announce the safe arrival of

the American explorer, Donaldson Smith, at

Hargeisa, Somaliland. Mr. Smith intends to

push on to Lake Rudolf, and thence explore the unknown country westward. The United States ambassador to Great Britain, Joseph H. Choate, who has been staying with Sir Charles Dalrymple at Mus-London on Monday.

#### TEN SAILORS DROWNED.

Two Survivors Without Food or Water for Ninety Hours.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.-News has been received here that the Philadelphia schooner William M. Bird, from Charleston, S. C., to New London, Conn., was wrecked | pany pay the men their return fare and in the October Lurricane off the Frying Pan | threatened a strike. The company refused shoals, North Carolina, and ten of the crew, the company has made overtures to the including Captain Barrett, perished. Two union for a settlement, but the men have survivors, George W. Loud, the mate, and refused to consider any proposition until George Robison, seaman, have been landed ployes full wages for the time they had been at Salisbury, Md., by the schooner Samuel on strike and pay the expenses that the THIS WEEK'S METEOR SHOWER T. Beachem, from Jacksonville, Fia., which vessel rescued them on the afternoon of Nov. 3, twenty-eight miles southwest of Frying Pan lightship. The survivors had been without food or water for ninety hours and suffered great hardships, having chewed the leather of their shoes to keep from starving. They have not recovered sufficiently to tell just how their comrades undoubtedly intends to officially emphasize perished, but they state in an incoherent manner that the last men were swept off one from the wreck as their strength grew weaker and drowned. The William M. Bird, Captain John Steelman, master of the Beacham, states, became waterlogged at 11 p. m. on Oct. 30, and was a complete wreck five minutes afterward.

Fears for a Ship's Safety.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 11.-The British ship St. Enoch, from Panama, for Portland, is out 116 days and much anixety is felt regarding her. The feeling of appre hension is not so much regarding the safety Yellow fever has been raging at Panama, and the entire crew of some of the vessels going to the port have perished. The Coriolanus, which left Panama about the same time as the St. Enoch, lost ten men in the port and five men just after leaving there, being compelled to put back for others to take their places. The St. Enoch was spok-en nearly fifty days after leaving Panama, and in that time had hardly got clear of the port. It is feared that her long delay in that fever-infested latitude, together with lack of fresh food, has caused an epidemic of fever on board and that the ship, if she is still affoat, is drifting around the ocean without enough men alive to work her.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- Arrived: State of Nebraska, from Glasgow; Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg: Lucania, from Liverpool. Sailed: Amsterdam, for Rotterdam; Kaiser Wilhelm II, for Naples, etc.; Patricia, for Hamburg, via Plymouth; Umbria, for Liv-

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 11.-Arrived: Campa-nia and Tauric, from New York.

## BOERS ATTACK.

(Concluded from First Page.) tary attache at the United States embassy in Vienna, who has been designated to watch the operations of the British troops in South Africa on behalf of his government, sailed to-day on board the British transport Columbian. The other foreign at-

taches sailed on the Bavarian. The government has chartered the steamers Victorian and Maplemore for use as ships Yorkshire, Lismore Castle and Aura-

nia have arrived at Cape Town with 3,676 troops. The two steamers first named immediately proceeded to Durban. It is supposed the Aurania's troops will be landed at Cape Town. It is officially announced that the troop-ship Hawarden Castle has arrived at Cape Town with 1,010 troops.

TO OBSERVE THE BOER WAR.

Japan Will Send a Competent Officer to South Africa.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 11 .- Advices received by the Oriental steamship St. Irene, arriving to-day, indicate that the than President Steyn and Secretary Reitz. Japanese government is taking a great in- He relates details of his last meeting with terest in the South African war. Upon the recommendation of the staff of the Japanese army, an officer will be sent to the scene of | no illusion respecting the ultimate issue of hostilities for the purpose of gaining a practical knowledge of the strength and tactics of the Boer army. This move on the part of Japan, according to the Kobe Chronicle, is indispensable for the reason that Japan may be forced to rely upon the assistance of a British army at no distant date. The Russian minister in Seoul has created considerable stir in the diplomatic circles of Japan by making a demand to have the spheres of influence of the respective powers in Korea defined, and has made a propesition to this effect to the ministers of various powers, through Germany's representative. Japan strongly opposes the movement, and it is claimed in official circles that Russia has evolved a plan to counteract Japan's influence in Korea.

## FIGHTING AT MAFEKING.

The Town Shelled Day After Day, but

the British Still in Possession. Boers retired, but were reinforced, attacked again, and were again repulsed. Tuesday attack under the cover of artillery, but it was repulsed by the Maxim and Hotchkiss guns. Thursday shelling by a heavy gun the intention of making an attack, but this | of the Guild of which she is the head. was prevented by a thunderstorm. Friday there was desultory rifle fire and an occasional shell, but there was little loss of life. due to the excellence of the shelter in the trenches. The health and spirits of the troops are good.

Watching the Newfoundland Coast. ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Nov. 11 .- Owing to the gravity of the situation between France and England over South Africa, the still stationed at the Bay of Islands on the French treaty shore of Newfoundland. The French have not yet all left the coast. It is probable the warships will remain at St. John's all winter and the garrison at

the port. Alleged Train Wrecker.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 11 .- Gus Grode, of this city, was arrested last night for attempting to wreck a freight train on the Milwaukee road, a few miles from this city, on Oct. 16, by piling logs on the track. Detective King, of the Milwaukee road, worked up the case.

College President Elected. CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 11.—Rev. J. T. Chambers was to-day elected president of the Erskine College by the Associated Reform Presbyterian Synod.

**Bad Complextons Need** Champlin's Liquid Pearl, 50c. A

PLAN OF THE CHICAGO CONTRACTORS AND MANUFACTURERS.

When the Walking Delegate Is Eliminated They Will Form a Co-Operative Society with the Employes.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11 .- To break up the present trades unions, to stamp out completely the arbitrary power of walking delegates, arbitrators and professional organizers, and, after this has been accomplished, to invite workingmen to form new unions that will co-operate with employers, is the plan of campaign of the Chicago contractors and architects. Not until the unions are broken up and a new co-operative association of employers and workingmen has been formed will the contest cease, it is asserted. The first active step in the campaign to destroy the existing unions was commissioner for Canada, has been elected paign to destroy the existing unions was rector of Aberdeen University, without opof sheet metal locked out from their factories over four hundred employes. This action, it is said, will be followed by other manufacturers of the same commodity, it being avowed openly that the manufacturers wish to break up the union. Several manufacturers issued letters to their men selburg, left there yesterday to visit Lord | giving the reasons that led to the lockout. Wemyss, at Haddington. He will return to They declare that the action of the company has been forced by the unjust demands of the unions made to the Sykes Roofing Company. The trouble with the Sykes company originated last spring, when six metal workers were taken to Moline, Ill., by the company to work in that city. When the men had been working ten weeks in Moline

union had incurred during the strike.

the new wage scale went into effect, and

as the company refused to raise their wages

the men at Moline went on strike and the

The union demanded that the Sykes com-

union was obliged to pay their fare back.

to pay and a strike was ordered. Since then

the company agreed to pay the ex-em-

Coal Screen Law Sustained. TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 11 .- By a majority decision the State Supreme Court to-day held the coal screen law to be constitutional. In 1897 the Legislature passed a law prohibiting the screening of coal before it was weighed. Before that coal companies always screened the coal before they weighed it to compute the miners' wages. An appeal will be taken to the United States Supreme Court on the constitutional question as to whether the act interferes with the right of contract.

Pabst Coopers' Strike Settled.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 11 .- The coopers' strike at the Pabst brewery, which occurred early in September, was settled tonight through the efforts of President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor. The striking coopers, numbering sixty-two, will return to work at an increase of from 5 to 10 cents per hour, and the forty machine coopers will be taken into the International Coopers' Union. The machine coopers will receive 35 cents and the other 31% cents per hour.

No Change in Mining Situation. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 11 .- There will be no change in the coal mining situation in St. Clair county, Illinois, until Monday. The district officers have decided to defer action until after a conference with National President Mitchell, who has telegraphed that he will be in Belleville Monday. The miners say they have no disposition to deal harshly with the operators, but that the delivery of

Iron Works Closed by a Strike. IRONTON, O., Nov. 11 .- The Belfont Iron Work's Company's nail mill has been compelled to close by reason of a strike of sixty-five nipping boys. They demanded a 10 robber has not been identified. per cent. advance in wages, which was re-

coal to the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Rail-

road must cease.

Wages of Switchmen Increased. BURLINGTON, Ia., Nov. 11.-The Burlington has granted an increase of \$10 per month in the wages of switchmen

WHITE'S PERIL.

(Concluded from First Page.) regiments recently engaged have refused them permission to return to their homes. Such bitterness seems almost incredible, but it is vouched for by an Irish high sheriff. Although the general feeling of sympathy s undoubted, it does not prevent frequent criticism of the methods followed by the British. The country around Ladysmith is eminently suited for cavalry, yet, with one brilliant exception, that of General Brocklehurst's sortie, this arm has been apparently of little service in either attacking or in pre-serving the lines of communication, while the capture of the Eighteenth Hussars must have had a most serious moral effect. The intelligence department of the War Office comes in for tart comment. It is said that Lord Wolseley himself is unable to understand the ignorance of this department regarding many essentials of the Boers' strength, especially their artillery.

dent at Pretoria, makes no attempt to conceal his opinion that President Kruger is less at fault for the catastrophe of war President Kruger, and conveys the distinct impression that the Boer President, while forced by his colleagues to fight, was under the war with so formidable an adversary as England. By a singular coincidence both Steyn and Reitz, while Dutchmen by birth. were called to the English bar and are technically entitled to practice as barristers. It is not likely that either will ever look for clients in London. Lord Aberdeen, speaking at Scarborough, referred to Canada as the "brightest jewel

in the British crown, destined to take a still higher part in the imperial government." and prophesied an increase in the brotherheod, not only between Canada and Great Britain, but between Canada and the United

#### COMFORTS FOR SOLDIERS. All Classes of Britons Contributing to

Needs of the Fighters. LONDON, Nov. 11 .- The intense interest in the war has not abated and the enormous amount of the Mansion House fund is but one instance of the practical form

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 8.-News received such feeling assumes throughout Great from Mafeking, undated, says that on Mon- Britain. Hundreds of all classes are spend- As the name implies, an amateur is one who day the Boers shelled the town. One Boer | ing their spare time and money to provide | works for love, and, viewed in this light, gun was knocked out of action, and the comforts for those fighting in South Africa. tion is readily apparent. The curious spectacle of a royal duchess spending every day from 11 to 5 in unpackthey shelled the Cangan Kopje with little | ing and sorting garments for the poor was damage. Wednesday there was a general presented this week, when the Duchess of York, attended by two titled ladies in waiting, was spending the whole time in helpwas renewed, and the Boers massed with | ing to arrange the exhibits of needlework | with the murder of Gilbert Gates in 1871. The moment it was known that Mrs. Brown Potter had succeeded in securing | term of court. the patronage of the Prince of Wales for the Cafe Chantant, which American performers are to give Nov. 18, for the benefit of the hospital ship Maine, which American women are equipping for service in South African waters, the success of that enteralnment was assured, and the rush for tickets is now so frantic that absentminded applicants even forget to send their addresses with postal orders. The whole ground floor of Claridges has been placed British warships Comus and Columbine are at the disposal of the committee, and the question now is how the programme can be crowded into a brief three hours. It is announced that the Queen will offer Lady Symons, widow of General Symons. the first vacant suite of rooms in Hampton Court, where, under similar circumstances. now live Lady Napier and other widows of British heroes.

Cabell to Command the Maine. WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- At the instance of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and other American ladies who are interested in fitting out the British hospital ship Maine for service in South Africa, the secretary of war has granted leave of absence to Major Julian H. Cabell, of the medical department, in order that he may accept the position of surgeon of that vessel. He will leave New York next

Wednesday for England. Chain Companies Linked Together. PITTSBURG. Nov. 11.-The chain com- Theater this afternoon and evening was

formation for some months has been practically consummated and the organization is expected to be complete before Dec. 1. The combination will include all the machine-made chain manufacturers in the country except the plant of Jones & Laughlin. It will have an annual capacity of 30,000 tons of chains.

GOULETTE AND FINERTY DRAW

Fifteen Rounds of Lively Fighting at

the Muncie Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 11 .- A big crowd saw "Kid" Goulette, of New York, and "Squirrel" Finerty, of Youngstown, O., fight fifteen vicious rounds before the Muncie Athletic Club to-night. Constant and vicious rushes by Finerty were the feature. Goulette was in perfect condition to-night and this saved him from defeat, making him strong at the finish. Peter Trayner, of Pennsylvania, was referee, and declared the match a draw. Walter Estlow, of New Jersey, was timekeeper. The men once fought twenty-five rounds to a draw and once Goulette got the decision in twenty-five rounds, this being their third bout. Gou-

lette weighed 130 and Finery 134.

Sports Were Enraged. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. UNION CITY, Ind., Nov. 11.-George Welch, of Pittsburg, and James Ryan, of this city, heavyweight pugilists, came together here to-night for a twenty-round encounter for a purse of \$200 and the gate receipts. In the fourth round Ryan's seconds claimed a foul, which was not allowed, and they refused to let their man go on again. The referee declared it no contest. enraged the spectators, who had paid a dollar each, and they stormed and yelled around the box office, demanding their money back.

Forbes Knocks Out Dougherty. CHICAGO, Nov. 11.-Clarence Forbes, of Chicago, knocked out Dan Dougherty, of Philadelphia, in the sixth round before the Chicago Athletic Club to-night. The fight was hard and fast and in the second round Forbes put Dougherty down and nearly out. In the third Dougherty came back strong and had the best of the fourth round Dougherty was knocked down several times in the fifth and was easily put out in the

## Where to Look for It.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 11 .- Prof. Edward C. Pickering, of Harvard College observatory, issued the following bulletin to-

"The time of appearance of the November meteors is somewhat uncertain. In 1799 they appeared in the night between Nov. 11 and Nov. 12; in 1833, on Nov. 12-13, and in 1866 on Nov. 13-14. This year, therefore, we might expect them early in the morning of Wednesday, Nov. 15. On the other hand, two English astronomers, Messrs. Stoney and Downing, from a careful discussion of the paths of these meteors, predict their appearance on the morning of Thursday. Nov. 16. In 1833 the principal shower lasted five or six hours; in 1866 for less than one hour. In any case, comparatively few meteors may be expected before midnight. It would be safest, therefore, to watch the northeastern sky on both Tuesday and Wednesday evenings and, if many meteors are seen before midnight, a greater number may be expected later."

#### PLUCKY OPERATOR.

Shot and Killed One Chicago Footpad and Wounded Another.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.-Frank Giles, a police telegraph operator, was attacked by two footpads to-night. He killed one, wounded the second and a third bullet from his revolver struck a pedestrian in the calf of the leg, inflicting a slight wound. The dead

Faith in the Deity. R. M. Field, in Chicago Post. Dr. L. W. Munhall is a gentleman and Christian after our own heart. He has come valiantly to the defense of our old friend, Jonah, who has been the butt of so many cierical pleasantries and infidel scoffings. "Scientific computation," says the "has proved that a shark, the tooth of which I have at home, had been over 100 feet long and had a mouth thirty-six feet fish" prepared by the Lord for the special occasion. We like to see these symptoms be no trick at all for Omnipotence to prepare a fish that would swallow Jonah and a trolley car in the bargain.

Obituary. DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 11 .- O. M. Barnes died to-day, aged seventy-five years, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis which he suffered some time ago. Mr. Barnes came to Michigan in his early youth. He was elected a member of the Legislature in 1862; in 1878 was the Democratic candidate for Governor, but was defeated. He was chairman of the Democratic delegations to the national conventions of 1880 and 1884. CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 11 .- Judge Joseph T. Logue, of the Common Pleas Court, died to-night suddenly of Bright's disease. In 1892 he was elected police judge and in 1894 judge of the Court of Common Pleas. Last Tuesday he was elected for another term.

Two Misused Words.

Alfred Stieglitz, in Scribner. Let me call attention to one of the most universally popular mistakes that have to do with photography-that of classing supposedly excellent work as professional and using the term amateur to convey the idea of immature productions and to excuse atrociously poor photographs. As a matter of fact, nearly all the greatest work is being, and has always been, done by those who are following photography for the love of it, and not merely for financial reasons. the incorrectness of the popular classifica-

Change of Venue for Jester. PARIS, Mo., Nov. 11.-After sitting through five days of the argument by the interested attorneys Judge Eby to-night ordered a change of venue to Ralls county in the case of Alexander Jester, charged Jester will be taken to New London and the case will come up there at the next

Former Bank Director Fined \$400. CHICAGO, Nov. 11 .- Dr. Allison W. Haran, formerly director of the Globe Savings Bank, was found guilty to-night by a jury of receiving money after insolvency. fine was fixed at the sum of \$400. This is the same amount that Churchill, the vice president of the same bank, was fined for the same offense.

Collector Commits Murder. MUSKOGEE, I. T., Nov. 11.-C. M. Keys, fr., a director of the Bank of Chocotah, I. T., and a son of C. M. Keys, a commission merchant at the St. Louis stockyards, was shot and killed to-day at Chocotah by W. I. Robbins, a collector with whom he had quarreled. Robbins escaped.

Jiminez Proclaimed President. SANTO DOMINGO, Nov. 11.-Congress today proclaimed Senor Jiminez President of Santo Domingo, and Senor Vasquez Vice President. They will enter into office Dec. when the constitution will undergo a forts to resuscitate him were unavailing, change. The country is quiet and business I is improving.

Mrs. Leslie Carter Ill. COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 11.-Mrs. Leslie

## TAMMANY TO THE RESCUE

RICHARD CROKER PROMISES TO SAVE THE PARNELL HOMESTEAD.

His Political Organization Guarantees to Raise \$10,000 Towards Paying Off the Mortgage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- The Parnell homestead in Wicklow county, Ireland, now advertised under foreclosure proceedings, will not be sold. Tammany Hall, at a meeting of the executive committee held to-day, guaranteed the \$10,000 needed to pay off the claim against the homestead.

When Daniel Tallon, lord mayor of Dublin, and John E. Redmond, M. P., came to New York three weeks ago they announced that \$15,000 was needed to rescue the homestead and the estate from creditors. Of that amount \$5,000 was raised at a mass meeting in the Academy of Music two weeks ago, and the remainder was assured to-day. At the meeting to-day Richard Croker congratulated the leaders on the work done last Tuesday, and said all New York city Democrats had reason to be proud. He told the company, most of whom were heads of departments in the city government, that they should show their appreciation of the confidence of the people by doing their best to serve the city, confident that in serving the city they were serving the people. In serving the people they were serving the Tammany organiza-

Speaking on the Parnell homestead mat-ter, Mr. Croker said that Parnell had mortgaged his homestead for funds to assist his efforts for home rule in Ireland, and it was, therefore, only right that Tammany Hall. which is struggling for home rule in New York city, should hurry to the assistance of his family.

Some days before the election Mr. Croker said he had promised Mayor Tallon, on behalf of Tammany Hall, that the necessary funds should be raised. He had not made public his promise before, because he did | + not want it said the promise was made for political effect. He submitted a map of the Parnell homestead in Wicklow and suggested popular subscription lists in each of the Assembly districts, so that every one might have a share in the gift. It was de-Professor Pickering Tells When and | should subscribe \$300, and that the collection | + of the money in each district be left to the judgment of the district leader, with the understanding that if any district fell behind the Tammany Hall organization would make good the deficit.

#### CHILDREN INCINERATED.

They Were Playing with Matches in Their Father's Barn.

MUSKEGON, Mich., Nov. 11 .- The two infant sons of Joseph Edlunk, a member of the White Lake life-saving crew, aged one and one-half and five years respectively, were burned to death to-day in their father's barn. It is supposed they were playing with matches and accidentally set fire to the building. The mother discovered the fire, but was unable to rescue the children. Soda Water Factory Burned.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11 .- A five-story brick building at the foot of Orleans street, occupied by Davidson Brothers, dealers in marble, and the Liquid Carbonic Acid Soda Company, was destroyed by fire to-night. The loss is estimated at \$75,000, of which |+ one-third is on the building, and the re-

mainder is divided equally between the soda company and Davidson Brothers. Nontrust Leather Works Destroyed. WOBURN, Mass., Nov. 12.-Kimball's currying shop, employing from forty to fifty hands, was burned early this morning. Loss, \$50,000. This is the second nontrust leather factory here to be burned in the last

two days. THE SOCIALISM OF CECIL RHODES. His Idea Is to Use Wealth for the the Nation.

W. T. Stead, in Review of Reviews. It is the curious fortune of Mr. Rhodes to be the special mark for the attacks of Radicals who are delighted to join in the hue and cry against anyone whom the Socialists dislike. But if the Socialists did but know the man as he is they would elect him honorary president of their association. He alone, so far as I know, among the millionaire class not only accepts the docwide, which could not only have swallowed trines of the state Socialist in theory, but a Jonah, but a trolley car loaded with pas-sengers." This may have been the "great man of phrases. He is a man of deeds. He is reputed to be a rich man. It is true that he has the control of millions. But I seldom of unwavering faith in our evangelists. We knew a rich man who had less ready cash, believe in taking the Bible from the first If anyone were to give Mr. Rhodes £1,000,000 chapter of Genesis to the last chapter of the | to-day he would not have a penny of it to-Revelations and swallowing it as the great | morrow. As soon as he gets money he fish swallowed Jonah, with the comforting spends it or invests it in the service of the assurance that it will stay down. Up in imperial idea. The Socialist, no doubt, assurance that it will stay down. Up in Buena Park, a suburb famed for its orthodoxy and strictly religious belief, two Rhodes's selection of the object on which ittle boys were discussing the power of the money should be spent. But that is a Deity, and one was endeavoring to impress detail. The essential unity of idea on the upon the other the omnipotence of the Almighty. "Why, Bill," said the little believer, "God can do anything. He can spit
from here to the barn if He wants to." This
is the sort of faith that removes mountains,
and in this spirit we are pleased to find Dr.
and in this spirit we are pleased to find Dr.
Munhali. The good man is right. It would

Munhali. The good man is right. It would both are alike in believing that it is in the service of the community and not in the building up of great fortunes for a family that wealth should be employed.

## How We "Differ."

Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph. A correspondent asks, "Should I say 'dif-fer with' or 'differ from?' "

Usage differs, but the Tutor prefers It seems to him more natural to use "from" with "differ" and to use "with" with the opposite of "differ," "agree." agree with and differ from. Alfred Ayres, there is nothing worse against Mr. Roberts discussing this point says: 'The weight of authority is on the side of always using from,' though A may differ with C from D in regard, say, to the fixed stars." "I differ as to this matter from Bishop Lowth," says Grammarian Cobbett.
"One star differeth from another star glory," says the New Testament. "The courts of two countries do not so much differ from one another as the court and the city in their peculiar ways of life

and conversation," says Addison. "Even in the importnat matter of cranial capacity men differ more widely from one another than they do from the apes, whilst the lowest apes differ as much, in proportion, from the highest, as the latter does from man." says Huxley. The following examples show a preference

"If the honorable gentleman differs with me on that subject. I differ as heartily with him."-Canning. "We'll never differ with a crowded pit." -Rowe. "Different to" is sometimes heard instead of "different from." but it is an awkward

American ear. The Century Dictionary says: "When in the predicate, 'different' is either used absolutely, as 'The two things are very different,' or followed by 'from,' as 'The two things are very different from each other,' He is very different from his brother.' the relation of opposition is often lost in that of mere comparison, leading to the use of 'to' instead of 'from.' This use is regard-

"differ from," for the relation of opposition is present in "I differ from him." The fact that no one would think of saying, "The two things are different with each other." should have some weight in determining that "from" is the proper preposition to follow "differ." Football Player Fatally Injured. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 11. - John Allen, of Springfield, Mo., a member of the Christian Brothers' football team, was fatally injured in a game here to-day with the St. Louis University alumni eleven. In a mix-up Al-

len fell with half a dozen players on top of

him, receiving a concussion of the brain.

Up to a sate hour to-night physicians' ef-

ed as colloquial or incorrect, and is general-

This has a bearing upon "differ with" and

ly avoided by careful writers.'

and it is their impression he will die before Miss Long Going to Colorado. HINGHAM, Mass., Nov. 11 .- Secretary of

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PIETY AND THE LAW.

Church People Sometimes Forget the Purposes of Government. Martin, in Life. The equanimity of a good many very

some convention or association of Baptists | older and better able to resist unfavorable or Methodists, or Christians of some other variety, resolves that he ought not to be admitted to Congress. Our popular and public-spirited fellow-townswoman. Miss Heler Gould, has been interested in the case and has added her name to the list of those who want Mr. Roberts thrown out. Life does not know a great deal about Mormonism, especially the contemporary

status of it, and so far as it does know anything it heartily dislikes it as a bogus religion abounding in vulgar frauds and demoralizing tendencies. But even a Mormon ought to have fair treatment, and if place in Europe. There the most chivalrous man has to think twice before giving up his than that he still provides for all the wives he had when polygamy was the fashion in the Hamburg trolley cars will seat, according to the Hamburg trolley cars will seat to the Hamburg trolley cars will be according to the Hamburg trolley cars will be accorded to the Hamburg trolley c which is to his discredit or would disqualify him from serving in Congress. It is hard to get at the truth about him and what he represents, but there is reassurance in the belief that consideration of fact and law will determine his standing in Congress and that the pressure of religious bodies to and is absolutely forbidden to take on ansecure his rejection will have little influence

and no effect.

Regard for law and common sense is not the strong point of our brethren of the various churches when they discuss in their conventions matters that relate to government. For example, most of them are ciamoring now for the abolition of the may offer her a seat comes out and takes army canteen, which 97 per cent, of the of- his stand on the platform. When the conficers of the army declare to be the best | ductor, after going his rounds, returns to his means yet found for promoting temperance and good discipline among soldiers. The sin- to step off the car, as he has forfeited his cere, God-fearing, church-going element in seat, and the car is fully "occupied." Should our country is of priceless value. To lose he refuse to leave the car he is put off. The it would be a disaster which no thoughtful policemen on the streets are instructed to person will underestimate. And yet these many colloquialism; and, like many colloquialisms, it evinces how much stronger the instinct of scientific analogy." Nevertheless, "different to" is not support. was a tyranny. The present government of the Transvaal comes apprently about as near being a government of church members as any now on earth, but its heartiest sympathizers will hardly deny that it is Detroit Free Press. narrow, intolerant and unprogressive. Our church members we believe to be among the best people we have; much nearer right in their beliefs and aspirations than the Mormons, far more progressive and tolerant than the Boers. Yet they seem not fully to promote the reasonable liberty of the individual, and we have reason to fear that able land to dwell in than it is. The Al-Earth and the folks who dwel on it than those who are most confident that they are peculiarly and exclusively His servants seem able to measure or even to compre-

Tallest Children Born in Summer.

Dr. McDonald, in Child Study. so tall as those born in other months. Those born in November are the shortest. Those cording to the same authority, born in De-cember, January, February, March, April and May show a less length of body than those born in the remaining menths. Those

Hausen in Copenhagen, on the deaf show that the length of body of boys from March till August increases greatly, but very little from September to February. Dr. Mc-Donald attributes this fact to some extent to economic conditions, for a child born in summer has generally better food and air. worthy persons seems to be impaired by A large number of parents are poor and the prospect that Mr. Roberts, of Utah, in winter they are forced to economize on

surroundings HAMBURG STREET-CAR RULES. Regulations That Practically Put a

Premium on Discourtesy. Philadelphia Press. An American who has returned from a summer trip in Europe says he found it more difficult to be as polite as he wished in the city of Hamburg than in any other seat in a car to a lady, as he may be turned off the car for his politeness. It seems that ing to size, twenty or twenty-eight persons, ten to fourteen on each side. In addition, four persons are allowed on the front, and five persons on the back platform. When the car is full the conductor hangs out a sign, "Besetzt," which means "occupied,"

other passenger until some one gets off the Sometimes, while the conductor is in front collecting fares, a lady will step on the car, which is already "occupied." As there is no conductor on hand to prevent her, the lady steps inside, and the gentleman who post, he promptly requests the gentleman watch the cars sharply, and if they find a car carries even one more passenger than

Why It Was Chosen the Emblematio Bird of America.

In ancient mythology the eagle was believed to carry the souls of the dying to their abode on Mount Olympus and was called the bird of Jove. The eagle was first taken as a symbol of royal power by the ancent Etruscans, who bore its image upon top of a spear, with a thunderbolt held in its claws, was adopted as the military standone. A two-headed eagle was adopted by The double-headed eagle of Russia was adopted on the marriage of Ivan I with a Grecian princess of the Eastern empire; that of Austria was first used when the Emperor of Germany took the title of Roman emperor. The national standard of Russia bears a black eagle; that of Poland a white one. Napoleon I took a golden was disused under the Bourbons, but was restored by a decree of Louis Napoleon in coins in 1788, on cents and half-cents issued from the Massachusetts mint. It was adopted in the plan of a national coinage Carter is suffering from an aggravated case of the Navy John D. Long, accompanied by of tonsilitis, and on the advice of a physician her engagement at the Great Southern left to-night for Colorado, where Miss Theater this afternoon and evening was canceled.

Theater this afternoon and evening was canceled.

The Navy John D. Long, accompanied by those born in the remaining menths. Those born in November are taller, but the tallest born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The investigations of the design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in August. The investigations of the design of the eagle was at one time was a design upon all gold coins and on the born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the tallest are born in November are taller, but the

to realize that the chief end of government | their standard. In the year 87 B. C. a silver is not so much to make people do right as | eagle, with extended wings, poised on the recommendations and took all their advice by the Komans. At the time of Hadrian a mighty seems to have larger plans for the Byzantine emperors as a symbol of their control of both the East and the West. According to Combe boys born in the eagle for his standard, modeled of pure gold months of September, October, November, and bearing a thunderbolt, after the pattern December, January and February are not of the eagle of the Romans. This standard born in July are the tallest. Girls, ac- 1852. The eagle was first used on American